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## Direct Complements Almost Unique

Abstract: Direct complements in a right R-module M are said to be almost unique if, whenever  $M = A \oplus B = A \oplus C$ , then  $(B + C)/B \ll M/B$ (also  $(B+C)/C \ll M/C$ , by symmetry). We will show that this new class of modules lies strictly between the dual-square-free and the summand-dualsquare-free modules. While it is an open question whether right quasi-duo (equivalently, right dual-square-free) rings are left-right symmetric, we will prove that both notions "summand-dual-square-free" and "direct complements almost unique" are left-right symmetric. Furthermore, we will show that direct complements in a module M are almost unique iff idempotents in  $S := End(M_R)$  are central modulo  $\nabla(M)$ , where  $\nabla(M) := \{f \in S : Imf \ll M\}$ M. As an immediate consequence, if M is an epi-projective module, then direct complements in M are almost unique iff M is strongly perspective (i.e. if A and B are isomorphic direct summands of M and  $M = A \oplus X$ , then  $M = B \oplus X$ ). In particular, direct complements in a ring R are almost unique iff R is strongly perspective. Moreover, if M is a module with the finite exchange whose direct complements are almost unique, then M is clean, strongly perspective, and satisfy the full exchange.

This is a joint work with Yasser Ibrahim of both Taibah and Cairo Universities.